

OPENHANDED "Satisfaction: What Giving Gains"

2 Corinthians 6:9-15

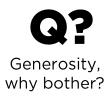
THIS WEEK'S CORE COMPETENCY

Generosity

I gladly give my resources to fulfill God's purposes.

"Remember this: Whoever sows sparingly will also reap sparingly, and whoever sows generously will also reap generously. Each of you should give what you have decided in your heart to give, not reluctantly or under compulsion, for God loves a cheerful giver." 2 Corinthians 9:6-7





Compassion requires generosity. Much of what Paul writes about giving he writes with regard to a special offering he was collecting for poor saints in Jerusalem. Interestingly, what he writes echoes a saying of Jesus that Paul, alone, has preserved for us, "It is more blessed to give than to receive" (Ac 20:35). Why these Jewish believers were perpetually poor isn't exactly known, but several factors may have been at play. One author writes: "(1) After their conversion to Christianity many Jews in Jerusalem would have been ostracized socially and economically. (2) The 'experiment in community sharing' described in Acts 2:44, 45 and 4:32, 34, 35 undoubtedly would have aggravated, though it did not cause, their poverty. (3) Persistent food shortages in Palestine because of overpopulation culminated in the famine of A. D. 46 in the time of Emperor Claudius (Acts 11:27-30). (4) As the mother-church of Christendom, the Jerusalem church was obligated to support a proportionately large number of teachers and probably to provide hospitality for frequent Christian visitors to the holy city. (5) Jews in Palestine were subject to a crippling twofold taxation-Jewish and Roman" (Murray J. Harris, "2 Corinthians," in The Expositor's Bible Commentary, 10:311).

Not only can we learn about giving from the instructions Paul gave the church in Corinth, but we can also learn about it from the example set by the churches in Macedonia, presumably Philippi, Thessalonica, and Berea. The apostle appealed to their generosity in order to encourage the church in Corinth to finish what it had started. In 2 Corinthians 8:1-5, the apostle describes how they gave. He writes:

And now, brothers, we want you to know about the grace that God has given the Macedonian churches. 2 Out of the most severe trial, their overflowing joy and their extreme poverty welled up in rich generosity. 3 For I testify that they gave as much as they were able, and even beyond their ability. Entirely on their own, 4 they urgently pleaded with us for the privilege of sharing in this service to the saints. 5 And they did not do as we expected, but they gave themselves first to the Lord and then to us in keeping with God's will.

A number of things are worth noting. *First*, giving itself is a gift of God. Paul calls it "the grace that God has given the Macedonian churches." One author rightly observes, "'Grace' is a key word that appears ten times throughout these two chapters with differing nuances. Here it refers to human generosity, which Paul understands to be something given by God. Grace is God's unconditional benevolence toward us. When people are spontaneously generous toward others, Paul takes it as clear evidence that God's grace is working in and through them" (David E. Garland, 2 *Corinthians*, NAC, 365).

Second, if Macedonian believers could afford to give, all believers can afford to give. They were poor, perhaps as poor as their Jewish brothers and sisters in Jerusalem. Their poverty might have given rise to apathy but instead it gave rise to empathy. It opened their hearts and their purse strings to others.

Third, they gave as much as they were able; they didn't hold back. In fact, they gave "even beyond their ability." The NLT puts it this way: "They gave not only what they could afford, but far more." They didn't give a specific percentage; they didn't even give proportionately. Each one decided how much to give and gave it. One might say, "If I only had \$1000, I would give it," and then give nothing at all. Better he gives the \$1000 or \$10 or \$1 that he has than not give the \$1000 that he doesn't. "The gift is acceptable according to what one has, not according to what he does not have" (v. 12).

EXAMINE GOD'S WORD

Read 2 Corinthians 9:6-15

6 Remember this: Whoever sows sparingly will also reap sparingly, and whoever sows generously will also reap generously. 7 Each of you should give what you have decided in your heart to give, not reluctantly or under compulsion, for God loves a cheerful giver. 8 And God is able to bless you abundantly, so that in all things at all times, having all that you need, you will abound in every good work. 9 As it is written:

"They have freely scattered their gifts to the poor; their righteousness endures forever."

10 Now he who supplies seed to the sower and bread for food will also supply and increase your store of seed and will enlarge the harvest of your righteousness. 11 You will be enriched in every way so that you can be generous on every occasion, and through us your generosity will result in thanksgiving to God.

12 This service that you perform is not only supplying the needs of the Lord's people but is also overflowing in many expressions of thanks to God. 13 Because of the service by which you have proved yourselves, others will praise God for the obedience that accompanies your confession of the gospel of Christ, and for your generosity in sharing with them and with everyone else. 14 And in their prayers for you their hearts will go out to you, because of the surpassing grace God has given you. 15 Thanks be to God for his indescribable gift!

Read in another translation

6 Remember this – a farmer who plants only a few seeds will get a small crop. But the one who plants generously will get a generous crop. 7 You must each decide in your heart how much to give. And don't give reluctantly or in response to pressure. "For God loves a person who gives cheerfully." 8 And God will generously provide all you need. Then you will always have everything you need and plenty left over to share with others. 9 As the Scriptures say,

"They share freely and give generously to the poor. Their good deeds will be remembered forever."

10 For God is the one who provides seed for the farmer and then bread to eat. In the same way, he will provide and increase your resources and then produce a great harvest of generosity in you.

11 Yes, you will be enriched in every way so that you can always be generous. And when we take your gifts to those who need them, they will thank God. 12 So two good things will result from this ministry of giving – the needs of the believers in Jerusalem will be met, and they will joyfully express their thanks to God.

13 As a result of your ministry, they will give glory to God. For your generosity to them and to all believers will prove that you are obedient to the Good News of Christ. 14 And they will pray for you with deep affection because of the overflowing grace God has given to you. 15 Thank God for this gift too wonderful for words! (NLT) After reading the text, practice your Observation skills by noting the following:

- Bracket v. 6.
- Highlight "generous/ly/ity" in vv. 1-15.
- Underline "not reluctantly" in v. 7.
- Underline "not under compulsion" in v. 7.
- Box "for" indicating *reason* in v. 7.
- Box "so that" indicating *purpose/result* in vv. 8, 11.
- Circle "all" (3x) in v. 8.
- Circle "he" in v. 10.
- Bracket "store of seed" and "harvest of your righteousness" in v. 10.
- Circle "service" in vv. 12, 13.
- Circle "Lord's people" in v. 12.
- Box "not only . . . but also" indicating *contrast* in v.
 12.
- Box "because" indicating *reason* in vv. 13, 14.
- Circle "proved" in v. 13.
- Bracket "hearts will go out" in v. 14.
- Circle "surpassing grace" in v. 14.
- Next to v. 15 write, "Cf. 8:9."

What one word would you use to describe the **TONE** of this passage? (i.e., stern, joyful, cautious, etc.)

What word or idea stands out to you in this passage?

What one thing do you not understand in this passage?

Try to summarize the **THEME** of this passage in one word. If you were going to describe these verses, you might say, "This text is about _____."



Answer the questions to help you apply the passage and prepare for discussion

- 1. Restate the analogy in verse 6 using "works" and "earns" rather than "sows" and "reaps."
- 2. Paraphrase how you should give according to verse 7.
- 3. That God loves "cheerful" givers comes as no surprise. Explain (cf., vv. 14, 15).
- 4. What is God able to do so you are able to give?
- 5. If you give generously, God will make you rich. Is that Paul's point in verses 10-11? Explain.
- 6. Paul refers to "this service" (v. 12) and "the service" (v. 13). To what is he referring?
- 7. Explain the use of *contrast* in verse 12.
- 8. "You have *proved* yourselves," Paul says in verse 13. How so?
- 9. Two things will follow from our generosity to others (cf. vv. 13, 14). Identity them.
- 10. **Discussion:** Talk about how to know if you are giving generously



Paul wrote his first letter to the Corinthians from Ephesus (spring A.D. 56). At the end of this letter, he replied to a question his readers had asked about "the collection for God's people" (16:1). Apparently, Gentile churches in Galatia, Macedonia, and Achaia had agreed to take up a collection for Jewish believers in Jerusalem. Why believers there needed help, Paul does not say, but it likely had to do with the famine mentioned in Acts 11:27-30. Commenting on 1 Corinthians 16:1-4, one author writes: "This is the first of three, perhaps four, instances in Paul's letters where he mentions the collection for the 'poor' among the 'saints' in Jerusalem. According to Gal. 2:9-10, part of the agreement reached with the 'pillars' in Jerusalem regarding their mutual spheres of ministry included his willingness to 'continue to remember the poor.' Apparently, this collection was a major part of his concern during his third missionary tour, which functioned for him not only to bring relief to the poor, but also as his own attempt to bring unity between Gentile and Jewish Christianity" (Gordon D. Fee, The First Epistle to the Corinthians, NICNT, 810, 811). As far as the apostle was concerned, taking an offering was clearly the right thing to do. In his letter to the Romans written from Corinth (A.D. 57) before heading to Jerusalem, he explains, "For if the Gentiles have shared in the Jews' spiritual blessings, they owe it to the Jews to share with them their material blessings" (15:27).

Paul wrote his second letter to the Corinthians from the same place, later in the same year (fall A.D. 56). In it he returns to the matter of the "service to the saints" (8:1-9:15), about which he had written before. Apparently, although the Corinthians were among the first to contribute to the cause (8:10), they had not finished what they started. In the meantime, the Macedonian churches had raised the bar significantly. Appealing to them as an example, Paul writes, "Out of the most severe trial, their overflowing joy and their extreme poverty welled up in rich generosity. For I testify that they gave as much as they were able, and even beyond their ability. Entirely on their own, they urgently pleaded with us for the privilege of sharing in this service to the saints" (8:2-4). In a nutshell, the Macedonians gave generously, freely, and cheerfully, which is exactly what the apostle would encourage the Corinthians to do (cf., 9:6-8).

With respect to the collection, it appears Paul boasted to the Macedonians about the Corinthians (9:2) and then boasted to the Corinthians about the Macedonians (8:2-4) in order to motivate them both. As time passed, however, Paul became more concerned that his boasting about the Corinthians might prove hollow, so he decided to send Titus (8:17) and a couple of unnamed brothers (vv. 18, 22) to Corinth to ensure that a generous donation would be waiting for him when he arrived. He evidently feared that any collection taken at the last minute would be not only shamefully small but also grudgingly given (9:5).

And so before dropping the matter, he reminded his readers one last time to give generously (6-15). "Remember this," he says, "whoever sows sparingly will also reap sparingly, and whoever sows generously will also reap generously" (v. 6). It seems giving generously is in the giver's best interest. This isn't a biblical proverb, but it sounds like one: "One man gives freely, yet gains even more; another withholds unduly, but comes to poverty" (Pr 11:24). One author explains, "The sphere of giving, then, presents no exception to the inexorable rule, valid in the moral no less than in the agricultural realm, that a man reaps according to the manner of his sowing, which Paul enunciates in Gal. 6:7ff" (Philip Edgcumbe Hughes, *Paul's Second Epistle to the Corinthians*, NICNT, 329).

The apostle goes on to say that each one should make up his mind as to how generous he wants to be and then give freely. He should give because he is *delighted* to give and not because he *must*. Moreover, each one can give with the assurance that no one can out-give God, the archetype of a cheerful giver. Verse 8 says as much: "And God is able to give you more than you need, so that you will always have all you need for yourselves and more than enough for every good cause" (GNT). The quotation from Psalm 112 that follows substantiates his point by confirming that "whoever sows generously" is blessed.

To those worried that their generosity might lead to scarcity, Paul says, God "will always make you rich enough to be generous at all times" (GNT). They have nothing to worry about. After all, God is the one who gives givers the resources to give. "He supplies the seed to the sower" (v. 10); he is the one who enriches us so that we can generously give to others.

The gist of what follows in verses 12-14 can be expressed in a few simple statements. These statements express what results from "the service" (*i.e.*, generous giving). According to verse 12, generous giving supplies the needs of God's people, and overflows "in many expressions of thanks to God." According to verse 13, its recipients "praise God" for it and for the commitment to the gospel behind it. According to verse 14, the hearts of its recipients go out in prayer to those who give because of the grace God has given them. Paul's closing exclamation provides a fitting end to the matter. Thanks be to God for the matchless gift of his Son!

Word Studies/Notes

v. 6 *sows sparingly...generously* Cf., Gal. 6:7. "The saying has the appearance of a proverb, but there does not appear to be any precise parallel ... The image of sowing and reaping is so self-evident that it must have been used at all times and places; and the thought that the quantity of the harvest is (other things being equal) proportionate to the quantity of seed sown is scarcely abstruse" (C. K. Barrett, *A Commentary on the Second Epistle to the Corinthians*, HNTC, 235, 36).

v. 6 *generously* Or "bountifully" (NKJV, ESV); cf. "Remember that the person who plants few seeds will have a small crop; the one who plants many seeds will have a large crop" (GNT).

v. 7 *should give* Lit., "each one just as he has decided in his heart." "Paul omits the imperative and thereby softens the force of what he wants them to do. Throughout these two chapters, Paul goes out of his way to avoid giving the impression that he is trying to force this project upon them" (David E. Garland, *2 Corinthians*, NAC, 406). "Paul's advice is consistent with and in continuity with his instruction given in the First Letter: '... each of you is to put something aside ... as he may prosper' (1 Cor 16:3, RSV). Careful prior deliberation by the giver is implied by these instructions" (Paul Barnett, *The Second Epistle to the Corinthians*, NICNT, 437).

v. 8 *to bless you* Cf. "to make all grace abound to you" (ESV), a reference to God's undeserved blessings in general. "The phrase 'all grace' is quite broad in scope, covering the material blessings and the spiritual motivation to share them" (Garland, 406). Cf., "And God will generously provide all you need" (NLT); "And God is able to give you more than you need" (GNT).

v. 8 *all*... "This verse is replete with comprehensive expressions (and with remarkable paronomasia – the repetition of words having the same stem – in the Greek: *pasan*... *panti pantote pasan*... *pan*) which speak of God's ability to bless his people so that they abound in good works" (Colin G. Kruse, *The Second Epistle of Paul to the Corinthians*, TNTC, 165).

v. 8 *all that you need* Gk. *autarkeia*. In the writings of the Cynics and Stoics it denoted "an intrinsic self-sufficiency that made a man independent of external circumstances" (Murray J. Harris, "2 Corinthians," in *The Expositor's Bible Commentary*, 10:376). "Paul used the word differently. For him *autarkeia* denoted not self-sufficiency but the sufficiency provided by God's grace, and as such it made possible not independence of others but the ability to abound in good works towards them" (Kruse, 165, 66). Cf., "And God is able to make all grace abound to you, so that having all sufficiency in all things at all times, you may abound in every good work" (ESV).

v. 8 *every good work* "Every good work" refers to "every act of charity." Cf., "more than enough for every good cause" (GNT); "everything you need and plenty left over to share with others" (NLT).

v. 9 *He, his* One writer explains, "From 'the wealth and riches . . . in his house' (Ps 112:3a), the God-fearing man freely distributes his gifts to the poor (112:9a). As a result, his benevolent acts of piety ('his righteousness') will never be forgotten but rather will have permanent beneficial effects in this life, as well as gaining him an eternal reward in the life to come (112:9b)" (Harris, 376, 77). Paul's quotation likens the "cheerful giver" (v. 7) who "sows generously" (v. 6) to the God-fearing man of Psalm 112.

v. 11 *enriched* Cf., "You will be enriched in every way to be generous in every way" (ESV); "Yes, you will be enriched in every way so that you can always be generous" (NLT); "He will always make you rich enough to be generous at all times" (GNT). Verse 10 echoes verse 8, then verse 11a practically restates it. "Verse 11a restates v. 8, though this is not to say, as some do, that vv. 9, 10 are parenthetical. God continues to enrich the benevolent person so that he can go on enriching others by his generosity (cf. 1:4). The greater the giving, the greater the enrichment. The greater the enrichment, the greater the resources to give" (Harris, 377).

v. 12 *service* Gk. *leitourgia* (cf., 8:4; 9:1). This word "was used in Paul's day for public service, such as the contributions of money or services for a specific cause by the wealthier residents of the city-state. The rich were expected to spend a portion of their wealth to promote the common good . . . But the word *leitourgia* was also used for priestly ceremonies (see Num 8:22). Paul used the word in the sense of public service (Phil 2:30) and in the sense of religious sacrifice (Phil 2:17; 4:18). Paul combines the two meanings in this verse. The rendering of their service is an act of benevolence for the common good and a spiritual offering to God" (Garland, 413; cf., Barnett, 444; Kruse, 167).

v. 13 *proved* "The saints at Jerusalem, as well as other Christians who heard of the collection, would praise God because this act of Christian service had proved the reality and vigor of the Corinthians' faith (v.13a), which may have come under suspicion at Jerusalem through reports of certain irregularities in the Corinthian church" (Harris, 378). "God does not always test us through affliction. Some of the most difficult tests come when we must prove ourselves obedient to God in times of relative prosperity" (Garland, 413).

v. 15 *indescribable* Cf., 8:9. Gk. *anekdiēgētos*, "indescribable, not able to recount or to describe or to set forth in detail (Lenski). God's exquisite working cannot be fully described w. human words (Windisch)" (Fritz Reinecker, *A Linguistic Key to the Greek New Testament*, 484).



CENTRAL MESSAGE OF THE TEXT

Give generously, freely, and cheerfully, knowing God is the one who blesses you and blesses your generosity.

CENTRAL MESSAGE FOR YOUR LIFE

(Rewrite the Central Message above to personally apply to your own life)

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3 LIVING QUESTIONS

The "Living Questions" are simple questions we may ask of any text in order to apply the Bible to our life. Answer the questions below as personally as you can.

1. What does this passage teach me about God?

2. What does this passage teach me about myself?

3. What does this passage lead me to do?



FAMILY TALK

Many years ago, my middle son was playing with a bunch of friends on the playground. One girl had several jungle animals and they created a zoo that took them into another world for a while. When it was time to leave, she handed a small elephant to my son and told him to take it home. Not wanting to take this sweet girl's toy, I began to politely decline the gift. Her wise mother stopped me and explained that generosity was a special area of giftedness for her daughter. She loved giving gifts and was openhanded with all she had. This was uncharted territory for me, and the moment has stuck with me for many reasons. I was impressed with this young girl of five who gave so generously. With three children three years apart, our family was still working on the concept of sharing. I was also impressed with this mom for recognizing and encouraging a gift her child was strong in at such a young age. I can only imagine this behavior was modeled by her parents. What a beautiful legacy to pass on. This week we study a lesson on being a cheerful giver. Do you think your child is a cheerful giver? Can you say you're a cheerful giver? Personally, I've got a little work to do in this area. I'm praying we seek God asking Him to open our hearts and hands to freely give what He has blessed us with and is rightfully His anyway.

What Does The Bible Say?

Read 2 Corinthians 9:6-15

1. What kind of giver does God love?

2. Who supplies seed to the sower and bread for food?

3. From verse 12, what two things happen when you give to God?

What Do You Think?

Why do you think God cares if we give cheerfully or not?

What Do You Do?

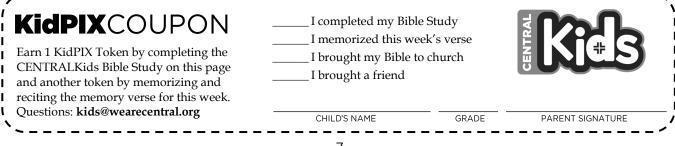
Practice giving your time cheerfully this week as you help around the house. Rather than grumble about chores, put a smile on your face and sing your favorite worship song.

CORE COMPETENCY: Generosity

I give away my faith, life, money and time to help with God's work.

MEMORY VERSE: Joshua 1:9

"Have I not commanded you? Be strong and courageous. Do not be afraid; do not be discouraged, for the Lord your God will be with you wherever you go."



OUR CORE COMPETENCIES

CENTRAL BELIEFS

Authority of the Bible (2 Timothy 3:16-17) *I believe the Bible is the Word of God and has the right to command my belief and action.* **Church** (Ephesians 4:15-16) *I believe the church is God's primary way to*

accomplish His purposes on earth today. Eternity (John 14:1-4)

I believe there is a heaven and a hell and that Jesus Christ is returning to judge the earth and to establish His eternal kingdom.

The Holy Spirit (Romans 8:9)

I believe the Holy Spirit convicts, calls, converts and changes me as a child of God. **Humanity** (John 3:16)

I believe all people are loved by God and need Jesus Christ as their Savior.

Identity in Christ (John 1:12) I believe I am significant because of my position as a child of God.

Jesus Christ (Hebrews 1:1-4) *I believe Jesus Christ is the Son of God who became man, died for sinners and rose from the dead.*

Life Purpose (Acts 20:24)

I believe I am a steward of God's resources and have been redeemed to participate in His Kingdom purposes for His glory.

Personal God (Psalm 121:1-2)

I believe God is involved in and cares about my daily life.

Salvation by Grace (Ephesians 2:8-9) *I believe a person comes into a right relationship with God by His grace, through faith in Jesus Christ.*



CENTRAL VIRTUES

Love (1 John 4:10-12) *I sacrificially and unconditionally love and forgive others.*

Joy (John 15:11) *I have inner contentment and purpose in spite of my circumstances.*

Peace (Philippians 4:6-7)

I am free from anxiety because things are right between God, myself and others.

Patience (Proverbs 14:29) *I take a long time to overheat and endure patiently under the unavoidable pressures of life.* **Kindness/Goodness** (1 Thessalonians 5:15)

I choose to do the right things in my relationships with others Faithfulness (Proverbs 3:3-4)

I have established a good name with God and with others based on my long-term loyalty to those relationships.

Gentleness (Philippians 4:5)

I am thoughtful, considerate and calm in dealing with others.

Self-Control (Titus 2:11-13) *I have the power, through Christ, to control myself.*

Grace (Colossians 3:13) *I demonstrate forgiveness, mercy and generosity to others, even when they have offended me.*

Hope (1 Peter 1:3-5) *I have a growing anticipation of God's promises and my secure eternity with Him.* **Humility** (Philippians 2:3-4)

I choose to esteem others above myself.



CENTRAL PRACTICES

Bible Study (Hebrews 4:12) *I study the Bible to know God, the truth, and to find direction for my daily life.* **Biblical Community** (Acts 2:44-47)

I fellowship with other Christians to accomplish God's purposes in my life, others' lives, and in the world.

Compassion (Psalm 82:3-4) *I seek to serve the last, the least and the lost in my community.*

Disciple-Making (2 Timothy 2:2) I multiply godly beliefs, virtues and practices in others to encourage their spiritual growth in Christ.

Evangelism (Acts 1:8) *I share Jesus with others through personal proclamation and demonstration of the gospel.*

Generosity (2 Corinthians 9:6-11) I gladly give my resources to fulfill God's purposes.

Prayer (Psalm 66:16-20) *I pray to God to know Him, to lay my request before Him and to find direction for my daily life.*

Single-Mindedness (Matthew 6:33) I focus on God and His priorities for my life. Spiritual Gifts (Romans 12:4-6)

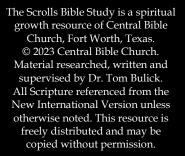
I know and use my spiritual gifts to accom-

plish God's purposes. Worship (Psalm 95:1-7)

I worship God for who He is and what He has done for me.

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Stephanie Thomas (B.B.A University of Texas at Arlington). Stephanie is married to James and they have four children: Elijah, Levi, Ella and Simon. Stephanie has attended Central Bible Church for more than 20 years, has been on staff since 2014, and now serves as Children's Minister.





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